

Roll No.

Y – 2953 (A)
LL.B (Three Year Degree Course) (Second Semester)
(SPECIAL) EXAMINATION, August-2021
(SECOND CHANCE)
LEGAL LANGUAGE AND LEGAL WRITING

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Minimum Pass Marks : 36

Note—Attempt *all* questions.

1. Write an essay on “E-HEARING” or “CITIZENSHIP AMENDMENT Act, 2019”. 20
2. Fill in the Blanks— 20
 1. Fundamental Rights are given in part.....constitution.
 2. An agreement enforceable by law is.....
 3. FIR is mentioned under section.....of Cr.PC.
 4. Triple Talak is abolished by Supreme court in.....case.
 5. Recently CAA is passed in which year.....
3. Give the English meaning— 20
 - (1) निगम अंश।
 - (2) व्यावृत्तिया।
 - (3) सक्रत।
 - (4) दृशतांत।
 - (6) पूर्ववर्ती वाद।
 - (6) खर्चे।
 - (7) आक्षेप।
 - (8) अधिनिर्णित।
 - (9) निष्पादित।
 - (10) पारित।
4. Translate the passage in Hindi— 20

The State shall secure that the operation of legal system promotes justice, on a basis of equal opportunity, and shall, in particular, provide free legal aid, by

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suitable legislation or schemes on in any other way, to ensure that opportunities for securing justice are not denied to any citizen by reason of economic or other disabilities.

5. Write a Precis in about 1/3rd of its length— 20
- Judges must give reasons. This essay, however, is not about the whys and wherefores of that basic premise. It is about the reason-giving process itself, in particular in written form. Judgement writing is more an art than a science. It can be learned, practiced, improved and refined, and many judges welcome the opportunity to have their writing skills. Judgements are after all, the produce of their Judicial endeavour. They are available to be read, considered and analyzed, in to the future as well as immediately.